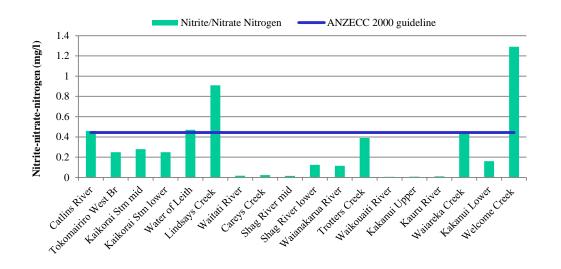
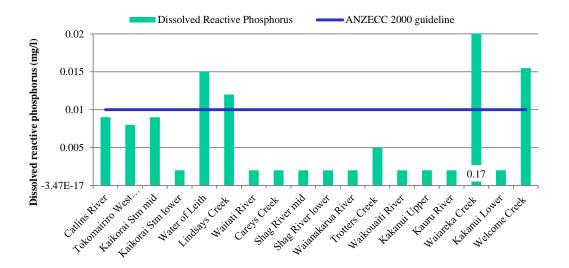
Setting limits for nutrient loss: Implications for science, resource requirements and capability building in Otago Selva Selvarajah **Otago Regional Council**



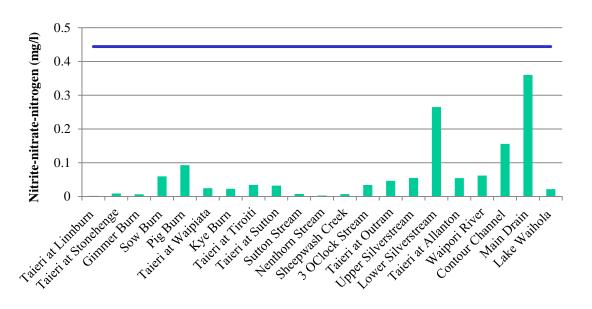
North and Coastal Otago - N & P in surface water

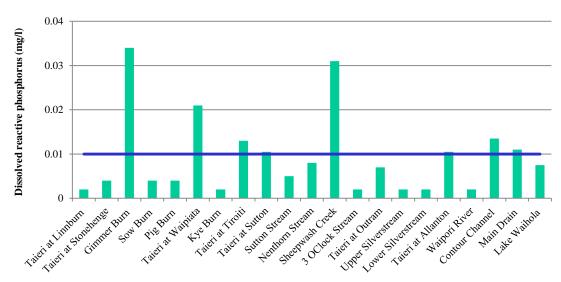






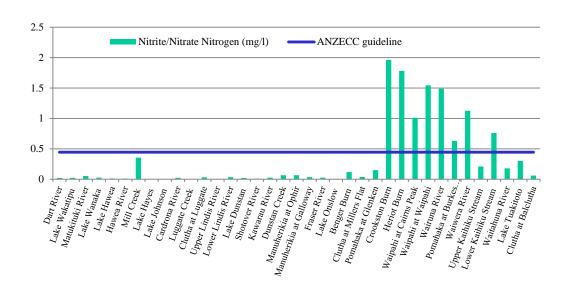
Taieri River Catchment - N & P in surface water

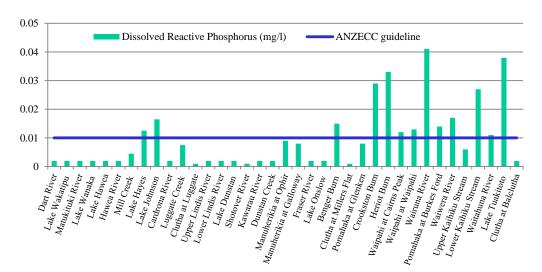






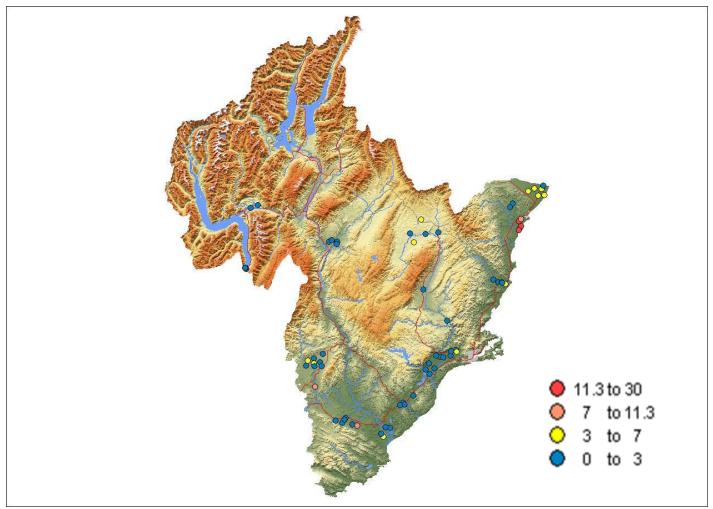
Clutha River Catchment- N & P in surface water







Mean Nitrate-N Concentrations in Otago Groundwater gN/m³





Proposed Plan Change 6 A process

- Community consultation 2010-2011
- Notification 31 March 2012
- Submission closed 2 May 2012
- Summary of decisions released for further submissions - 2 June 2012
- Further submissions closed 18 June 2012
- Hearings from 10 September to 25 October 2012
- Current status deliberations



Basis for surface water discharge limits

- Avoidance of cumulative adverse effects
- No complex catchment scale modelling
- No mixing zones for poor discharges
- Complying discharges are permitted activities



Proposed Plan Change 6A (Water Quality) Regional Plan: Water for Otago

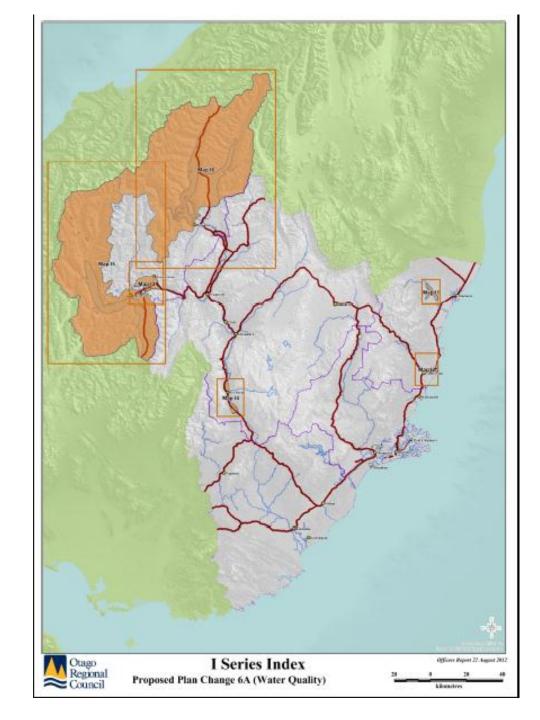
"12.C.1 Permitted activities: No resource consent required

- 12.C.1.1 The discharge of water or any contaminant to water is a *permitted* activity, providing:
- (b) Any contaminant listed in Schedule 16 does not exceed the limits given in that schedule, more than twelve hours after rain has ceased on the site, where the contaminant is about to enter water; and..."

"12.C.1.3 The discharge of nitrogen¹ from land to groundwater, is a permitted activity, providing:

- (a) From 31 March 2019, nitrogen leaching calculated by the Council using OVERSEER® version 6.0, does not exceed an average of:
 - (i) 10 kilograms nitrogen per hectare per year over any nitrogen sensitive zone identified in Maps I5-I6; and
 - (ii) 20 kilograms nitrogen per hectare per year over any nitrogen sensitive zone identified in Maps I1-I4
 - (iii) 30 kilograms nitrogen per hectare per year elsewhere in Otago; and
- (b) Upon request, the person with responsibility for the management of the land will supply the Council with all necessary annual input data to run OVERSEER® version 6.0."







Schedule 16 Schedule of discharge limits for water quality

Discharge Limit Area 1 1	1	<u>Nitrate-nitrite</u> <u>nitrogen</u>	Dissolved reactive phosphorus	Ammoniacal nitrogen	Escherichia coli
<u>Timeframe</u>	<u>Timeframe</u>		31 March 2017		
 Owaka Pomahaka Tahakopa Tokomairi Tuapeka Waitahuna Waitati Waiwera Any other the true rist Clutha/Ma Judge Cree Any other that dischasouth of T Any other the true le 	unlisted tributary on ght bank of the unlisted catchment arges to the coast, arieri Mouth unlisted tributary on ft bank of the uta-Au, south of the	2 mg/l	<u>0.045 mg/l</u>	<u>0.1 mg/l</u>	260 cfu/100 ml



Discharge Limit Area 2 ¹	Nitrate-nitrite nitrogen	Dissolved reactive phosphorus	Ammoniacal nitrogen	<u>Escherichia coli</u>
<u>Timeframe</u>	31 March 2019	31 March 2017		
 Cardrona Kawarau downstream of the Shotover confluence and Clutha/Mata-Au and any other unlisted tributary (Luggate to mouth, including Lakes Dunstan and Roxburgh, and excluding tributaries described in Area 1) Fraser Kakanui Lindis Luggate Manuherikia Mill Creek (tributary to Lake Hayes) Shag Shotover Taieri Trotters Waianakarua Waikouaiti Waitaki tributaries within Otago Waipori Any other unlisted catchment that discharges to the coast, north Taieri Mouth Lake Hayes Lake Johnson Lake Onslow Lake Tuakitoto Lake Waihola Clutha/Mata-Au (above Luggate) Kawarau upstream of the Shotover 		0.035 mg/L	31 March 2017 0.1 mg/L	260 cfu/100 ml



Discharge Limit Area 3 ¹	<u>Nitrate-nitrite</u> <u>nitrogen</u>	<u>Dissolved</u> <u>reactive</u> <u>phosphorus</u>	Ammoniacal nitrogen	Escherichia coli
<u>Timeframe</u>	31 March 2019	31 March 2017		
 Any tributaries to Lakes Hawea, Wakatipu, and Wanaka Lake Hawea Lake Wakatipu Lake Wanaka 	<u>0.08 mg/l</u>	0.006 mg/l	<u>0.1 mg/l</u>	126 cfu/100 ml

 $\frac{mg/L = milligrams\ per\ litre}{cfu/100\ ml = colony-forming\ units\ per\ 100\ millilitres}$

¹Areas 1, 2 and 3 are shown on the J series index map, and in Maps J1- J12.



Benchmarking farming systems

- Visible discharges to surface water monitored
- Use of OVERSEER® to monitor compliance nitrate leaching- data required on request to run OVERSEER® nitrate leaching model
- Promote the use of fertiliser code of practice
- Proven nutrient loss mitigation tools (e.g. riparian management, herd homes, nitrification inhibitors, deferred effluent irrigation system, slow rate effluent irrigation system, precise irrigation) to be compiled and promoted on farms exceeding limits



Performance/compliance monitoring

- Maintain or develop databases on
 - N inputs and nitrate leaching,
 - Water discharge of N & P
 - P use and P status of soils,
 - Irrigation water use,
 - Land use changes,
 - Riparian management,
 - Ground and surface water quality with more SOE sites in polluted areas.



Science/Economics Research

- More effective nutrient mitigation tools
- Cost-benefit analysis of all effective mitigation tools
- Simple on-site monitoring tools for N & P in discharge and surface water
- Large scale lysimeters (e.g. 50 m radius)
- Ongoing OVERSEER® buildup/validation (e.g. market gardening crops, accuracy of leaching prediction)



Resource requirements

- Education/field testing of nutrient management and mitigation – ORC, FertResearch, Fertiliser Companies, Fonterra, Dairy NZ, Beef & Lamb, Hort NZ, CRIs and Universities
- OVERSEER® refinement and buildup
- Ongoing government funding for OVERSEER® refinement and research on nutrient management and mitigation and nutrient monitoring tools
- Accredited OVERSEER® users/training centres
- Increased ORC compliance, consents and science staff resourcing from 2019



Capability building

- Accreditation system to use and train OVERSEER®
- Additional OVERSEER® training or accreditation centres
- Database development for compliance and performance monitoring
- Training of ORC, Fertiliser industry, pastoral, cropping and horticultural industries and private consultants to use OVERSEER®, and mitigation tools and monitoring of N & P in water
- Farmer training/field testing